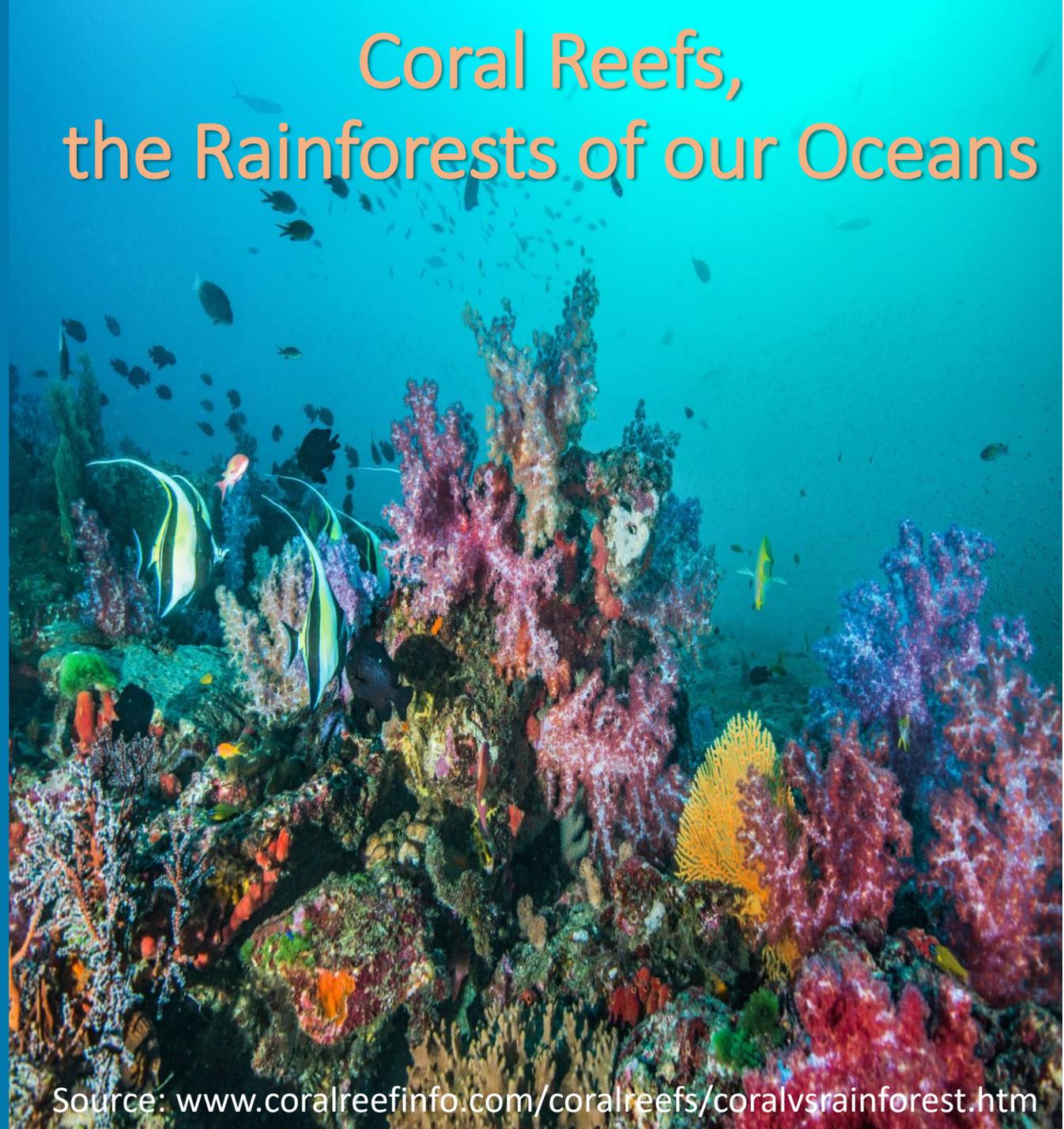


# Coral Reefs, the Rainforests of our Oceans

- Home to rich live upper and bottom habitats, abundantly populated with hard and soft corals, sponges and hydroids.
- Complex, diverse ecosystems that are threatened, in dire need for conservation.
- Should be protected with the same dedication as tropical rainforests by world leaders and by the public.
- Like rainforests, this is a highly diverse ecosystem, that suffers from human impacts and must be protected and conserved.



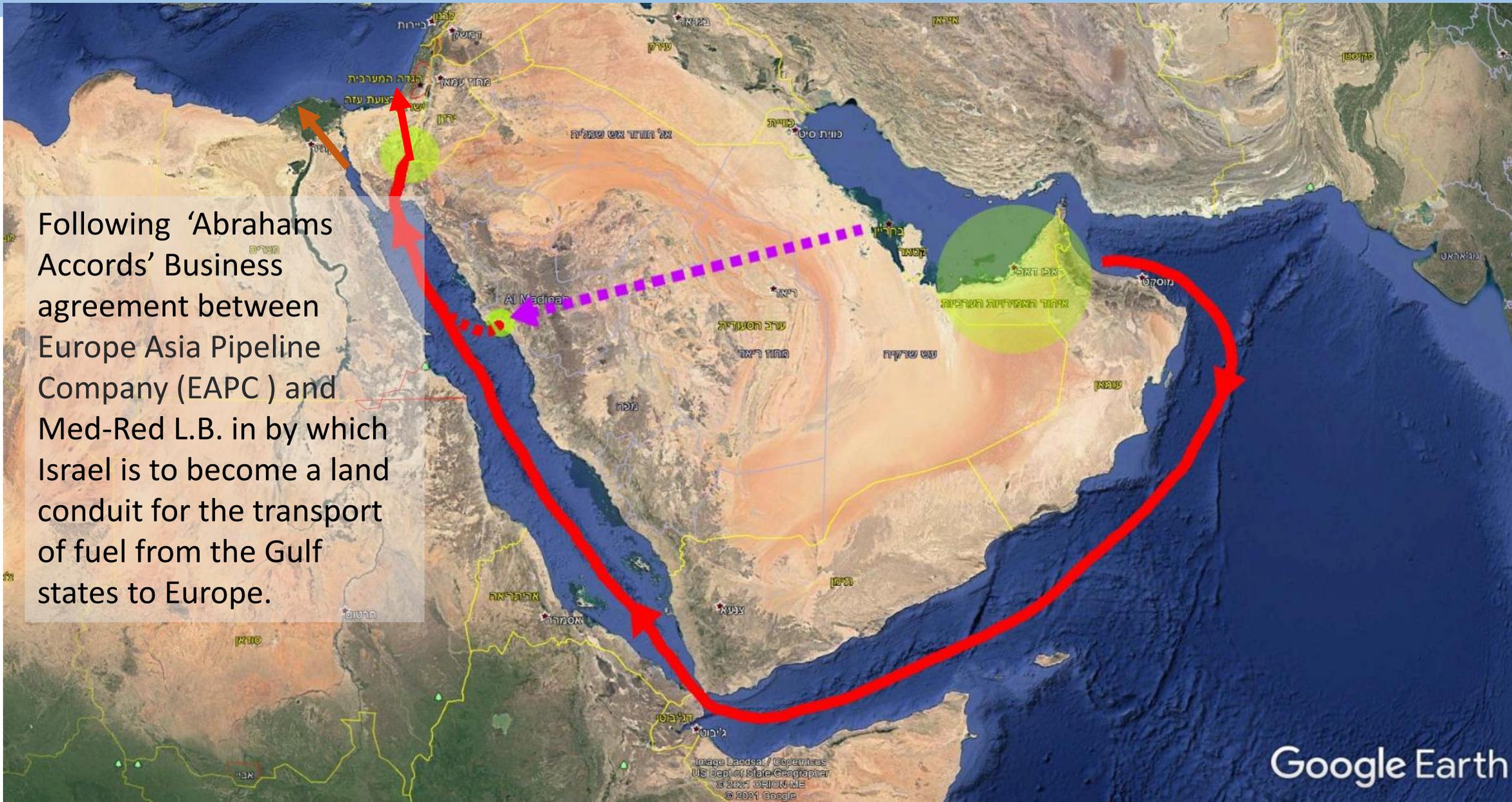
# Why Northern Red-Sea Coral reefs Protection is needed

- The corals in the Northern Red Sea **resistance to temperature rise** is unique on an international scale.
- While they survive global warming, **they do not survive pollution.**
- An international coalition must join efforts to minimize pollution and secure safe havens.



# Major Oil Spill is destructive threat to the marine life, tourism and desalinization facilities

Following 'Abrahams Accords' Business agreement between Europe Asia Pipeline Company (EAPC ) and Med-Red L.B. in by which Israel is to become a land conduit for the transport of fuel from the Gulf states to Europe.



The Europe Asia Pipeline Company (EAPC) operates a bi-directional oil pipeline running 254 kilometers (158 miles) between Eilat on the Red Sea and Ashkelon on the Mediterranean

One "minor" accident or sabotage on one tanker would be enough to cause a major ecological disaster, in the Mediterranean and especially in the Red Sea. For example, a spill of "only" 1% of a tanker's contents to the sea – which amounts to thousands of barrels of oil – would spread to the entire gulf. Oil would cover the coasts and reefs of Eilat, Aqaba, and the Sinai.

90% of employment in Eilat and Sinai desert is connected to Tourism mainly based on the beaches and the Coral reefs ; Billions \$\$ investments are in Danger





# Current Threats in Gulf of Aqaba (Eilat)

- Oil spills from ships and oil terminals.
- Sewage spills and polluted runoff from cities.
- Eutrophication from sewage, phosphate terminals and sea and land-based mariculture and aqua culture
- Brine and heavy metals discharge from desalination plants and power stations .
- Light and noise, toxins.
- Plastic waste and micro plastic.
- Many more factors and sources.

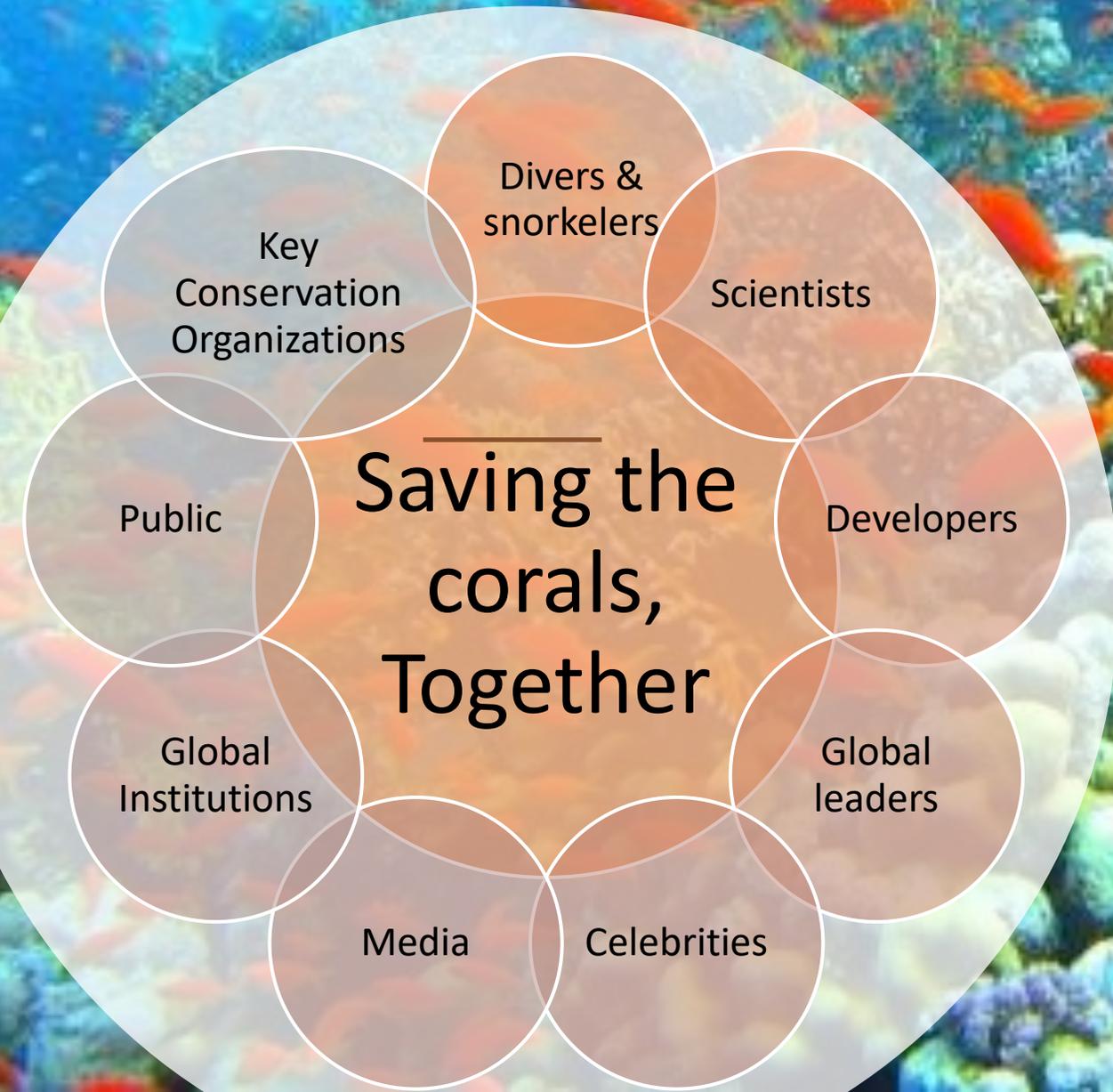


A diver is seen from behind, swimming horizontally over a diverse and colorful coral reef. The reef features various types of coral in shades of orange, red, purple, and green. The water is clear and blue. The diver is positioned on the right side of the frame, moving towards the left.

# The Challenge: Developing while Protecting

Red Sea reefs are universal asset as climate crisis rescue resort

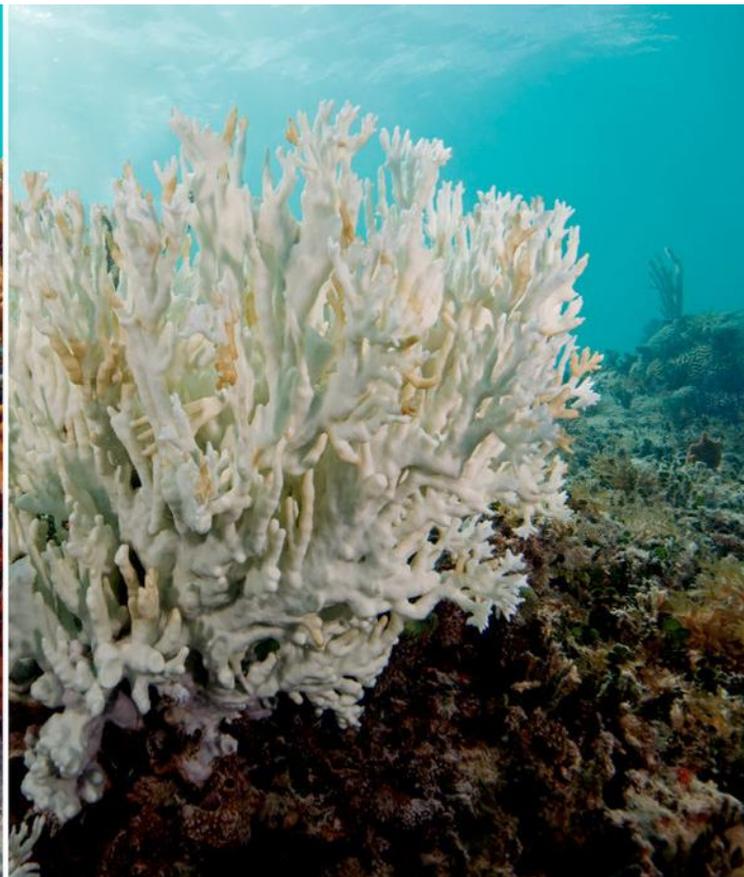
# International leadership is needed to mobilize this preservation



Saving the Gulf of Aqaba reefs will contribute to the rescue of a vast variety of species in the Red Sea and the world.

Eco-Friendly development saves and makes money in the long-run.

Cooperation: Help develop new business models for marine conservation in the region.



Saving the Corals, an Opportunity for Growth



עוזרים את הסכם הנפט

מונעים את האסון הבא

# Med Red Land Bridge Ltd, Tree of Holdings

